

DRUG DETERMINATION POLICY

Title: DDP-43 Non-Insulin and Adjunctive Diabetic Agents

Effective Date: 4/26/2023



Physicians Health Plan
PHP Insurance Company
PHP Service Company

Important Information - Please Read Before Using This Policy

The following policy applies to health benefit plans administered by PHP and may not be covered by all PHP plans. Please refer to the member's benefit document for specific coverage information. If there is a difference between this general information and the member's benefit document, the member's benefit document will be used to determine coverage. For example, a member's benefit document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a coverage policy.

Benefit determinations for individual requests require consideration of:

1. The terms of the applicable benefit document in effect on the date of service.
2. Any applicable laws and regulations.
3. Any relevant collateral source materials including coverage policies.
4. The specific facts of the particular situation.

Contact PHP Customer Service to discuss plan benefits more specifically.

1.0 Policy:

This policy describes the determination process for coverage of specific drugs that require prior approval.

This policy does not guarantee or approve benefits. Coverage depends on the specific benefit plan. Drug Determination Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should not be used as treatment guidelines.

2.0 Background or Purpose:

GLP-1 agonists, GLP-1/GIP agonists, DPP-4 inhibitors, and SGLT-2 inhibitors are traditional non-insulin drugs indicated for the treatment of diabetes. Select drugs from each class have been approved to reduce the risk of major cardiovascular events in adults with type 2 diabetes and established cardiovascular disease or those with multiple cardiovascular risk factors; for adults with heart failure with reduced and preserved ejection fraction; and for adults with chronic kidney disease. These criteria were developed and implemented to ensure these drugs are used at the appropriate place in therapy and severity of disease.

3.0 Clinical Determination Guidelines:

Document the following with chart notes:

- I. Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus.
 - A. Diagnosis and severity: Hgb A1c measured after three months of consistent use of a preferred product [must meet one listed below]
 1. Hgb A1c: measured after three months of consistent use of the preferred agent [must meet one listed below]:
 - a. GLP-1 and GLP-1/GIP agonists: at least 7 percent.
 - b. DPP-4 Inhibitors and SGLT-2 inhibitors: 7 to 9 percent (these agents will not sufficiently decrease Hgb A1c if more than 9 percent).

B. Preferred agents.

1. Metformin step therapy [must meet one or both listed below]:

- a. Dosage regimen: 1000mg twice daily for three months.
- b. Additional trial of metformin extended release (ER) 1000mg twice daily as tolerated if experiencing gastrointestinal side effects from metformin immediate release (IR).

2. Preferred agent by class.

- a. GLP-1 and GLP-1/GIP agonists: Trulicity SQ (dulaglutide), Mounjaro SQ (tirzepatide), Victoza SQ, (liraglutide) Ozempic SQ, Rybelus oral (semaglutide).
- b. DPP-4 Inhibitors: Januvia oral (sitagliptin).
- c. SGLT-2: Jardiance oral (empagliflozin), Farxiga oral (dapagliflozin).

C. Prior authorized agents [must meet both listed below]:

1. All preferred formulary agents in specific drug class are contraindicated; inadequate response after four months or significant adverse effects.

2. Prior authorized agent by class.

- a. GLP-1 agonist: Adlyxin SQ (lixisenatide).
- b. DPP-4 Inhibitors: Alogliptin oral (generic).
- c. SGLT-2: none.

D. Excluded agents [must meet #1 listed below]:

1. All preferred formulary anti-diabetic agents are contraindicated; inadequate response after four-month trial or significant adverse effects.

2. Excluded agents by class.

- a. GLP-1 agonist: Byetta/Bydureon (exenatide).
- b. DPP-4 Inhibitors: Nesina (alogliptin), Tradjenta (linagliptin), Onglyza (saxagliptin).
- c. SGLT-2: Invokana (canagliflozin), Steglatrooral (ertugliflozin).

E. General Exclusions

1. Type 1 diabetes mellitus
2. Weight loss without underlying type 2 diabetes
3. Concomitant therapy: DPP-4 and GLP-1 (or GLP-1/GIP) combination doesn't confer additional benefit on HgbA1c.

F. Dosage regimen: See Appendix I

G. Approval:

1. Initial: six months.
2. Re-approval: one year; reduced Hgb A1c.

II. Cardiovascular disease [meet all listed below]: Trulicity (dulaglutide), Ozempic (semaglutide), Victoza (liraglutide), Jardiance (empagliflozin), Farxiga (dapagliflozin)

A. Age: at least 18 years

B. Diagnosis and severity [must meet one listed below]

1. Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus with Established Cardiovascular disease
2. Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus with multiple cardiovascular risk factors [must meet both listed below]: Trulicity (dulaglutide) and Farxiga (dapagliflozin) only

a. Age [must meet one listed below]:

- i. Men ≥ 55 years
- ii. Women ≥ 60 years

b. Additional cardiovascular risk factor [must meet one listed below]:

- i. Dyslipidemia
- ii. Hypertension
- iii. Current tobacco use

C. Concomitant therapies: add on to standard therapies unless contraindicated

D. Dosage Regimen: See Appendix I

E. Approval: one year

III. Heart failure [meet all listed below]: Jardiance (empagliflozin), Farxiga (dapagliflozin)

A. Age: at least 18 years

B. Diagnosis and severity

1. Heart failure

a. Farxiga (dapagliflozin) only: NYHA functional class II through IV

C. Concomitant therapies: add on to standard therapies (e.g, ACE/ARB/ARNI; beta blocker and/or diuretics) unless contraindicated

D. Dosage regimen: See Appendix I

E. Exclusions.

1. Type 1 diabetes mellitus

F. Approval.

1. Initial: 12 months
2. Re-approval: 12 months if improvement in heart failure symptoms

IV. Chronic Kidney Disease [meet all listed below]: Jardiance (empagliflozin), Farxiga (dapagliflozin)

A. Age at least 18 years

B. Diagnosis and severity [meet both listed below]

1. Estimated glomerular filtration rate: between 25 and 75 mL/min/1.73 m²
2. Albuminuria with urine albumin creatinine ratio [UACR] between 200 and 5,000 mg per gram

C. Concomitant therapies: add on to standard therapies (e.g, ACE or ARB) unless contraindicated

D. Dosage Regimen: See Appendix I

E. Exclusions.

1. Disease states:

- a. Type 1 diabetes mellitus
- b. Polycystic kidney disease

2. Concomitant medications:

- a. Use with another SGLT-2 inhibitor
- b. Requiring or with a recent history of immunosuppressive therapy for kidney disease

F. Approval.

1. Initial: 12 months
2. Re-approval: 12 months [must meet all listed below]:
 - a. Reduced incidence of sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate decline
 - b. No need for renal transplant or dialysis

4.0 Coding: None.

5.0 References, Citations & Resources:

1. https://care.diabetesjournals.org/content/42/Supplement_1/S61 accessed 11/19.
2. Lexicomp Lexicomp Online® Lexi-Drugs®, Hudson, Ohio: Lexi-Comp, Inc.; Trulicity, Victoza, Ozempic, Januvia, Jardiance, Farxiga, Adlyxin, Alogliptin, Mounjaro accessed August 2022.
3. Estimating lifetime benefits of comprehensive disease-modifying pharmacological therapies in patients with heart failure with reduced ejection fraction: a comparative analysis of three randomized controlled trials. Lancet 2020; 396:121.
4. 2017 ACC/AHA/HFSA Focused Update of the 2013 ACCF/AHA Guideline for the Management of Heart Failure: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/American Heart Association Task Force on Clinical Practice Guidelines and the Heart Failure Society of America. Circulation 2017; 136:e137.
5. Dapagliflozin in Patients with Chronic Kidney Disease. N Engl J Med 2020; 383:1436.

6.0 Appendices:

See pages 6-9

7.0 Revision History:

Original Effective Date: 05/05/2023

Next Review Date: 11/01/2023

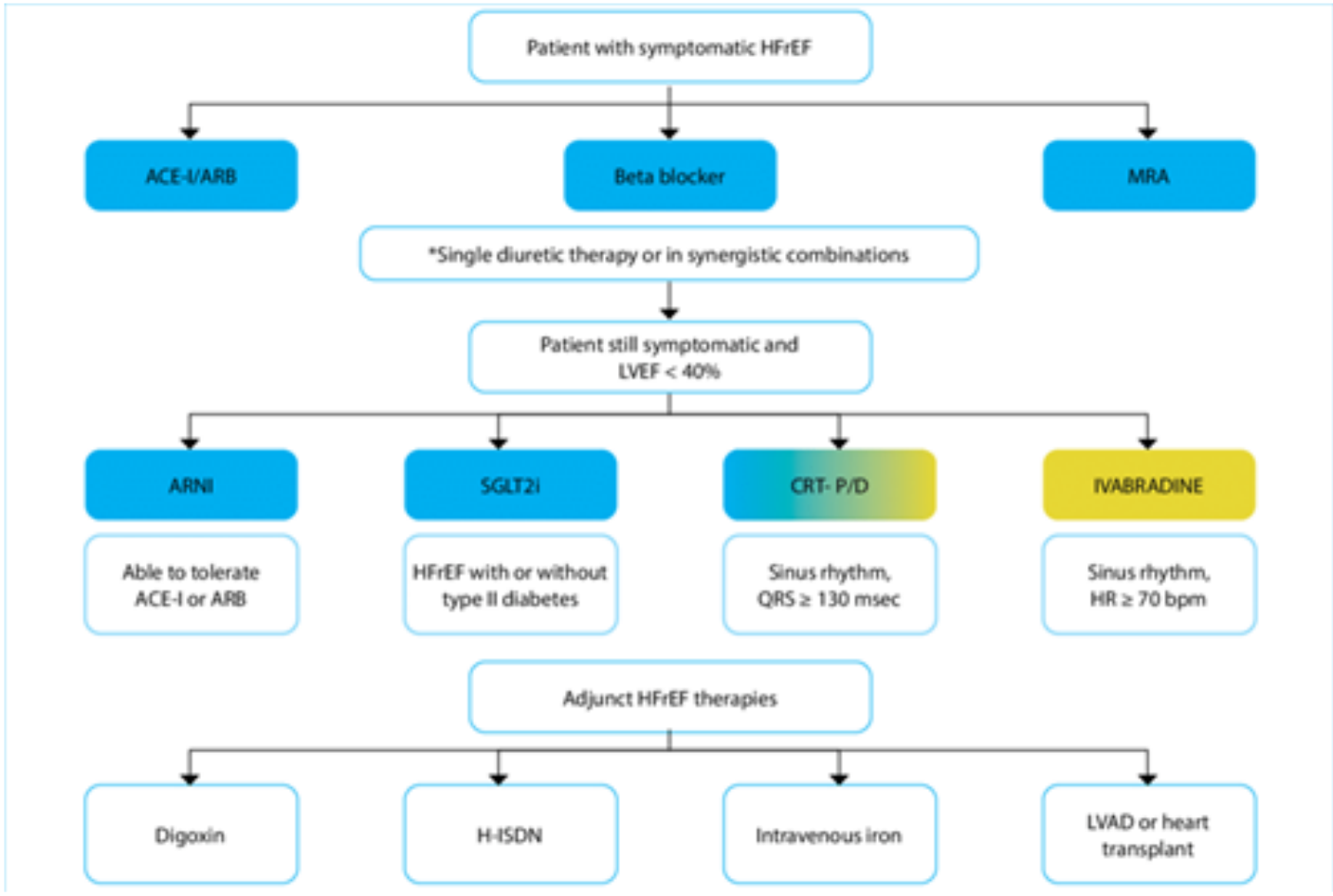
Revision Date	Reason for Revision
10/20	Annual review, put formulary status of each agent/dosage in a table and simplified other criteria, formatting, replace abbreviations; added diagnosis of DM-2; clarified metformin trial
8/21	Annual review; formatting, listed preferred/non-preferred and excluded meds outside table; added cardiovascular disease, heart failure and kidney disease indications as well as 2 algorithms
4/22	Off-cycle review ; format changes, removed Jardiance from heart failure , Removed GFR exclusions from Farxiga and included in dosage table; clarified metformin ER dosing requirement ; clarify heart failure with reduced or preserved ejection fraction
10/22	Annual review: Clarified cardiovascular indication for Jardiance and Farxiga; added Mounjaro, included general exclusion section under DM; removed DM reference in heart failure section
3/23	Off-cycle review; clarified multiple cardiovascular risk factors for Farxiga and Trulicity; added Jardiance to CKD indication section; removed ejection fraction requirement in heart failure indication; revised purpose

Appendix I. Dosage regimen.

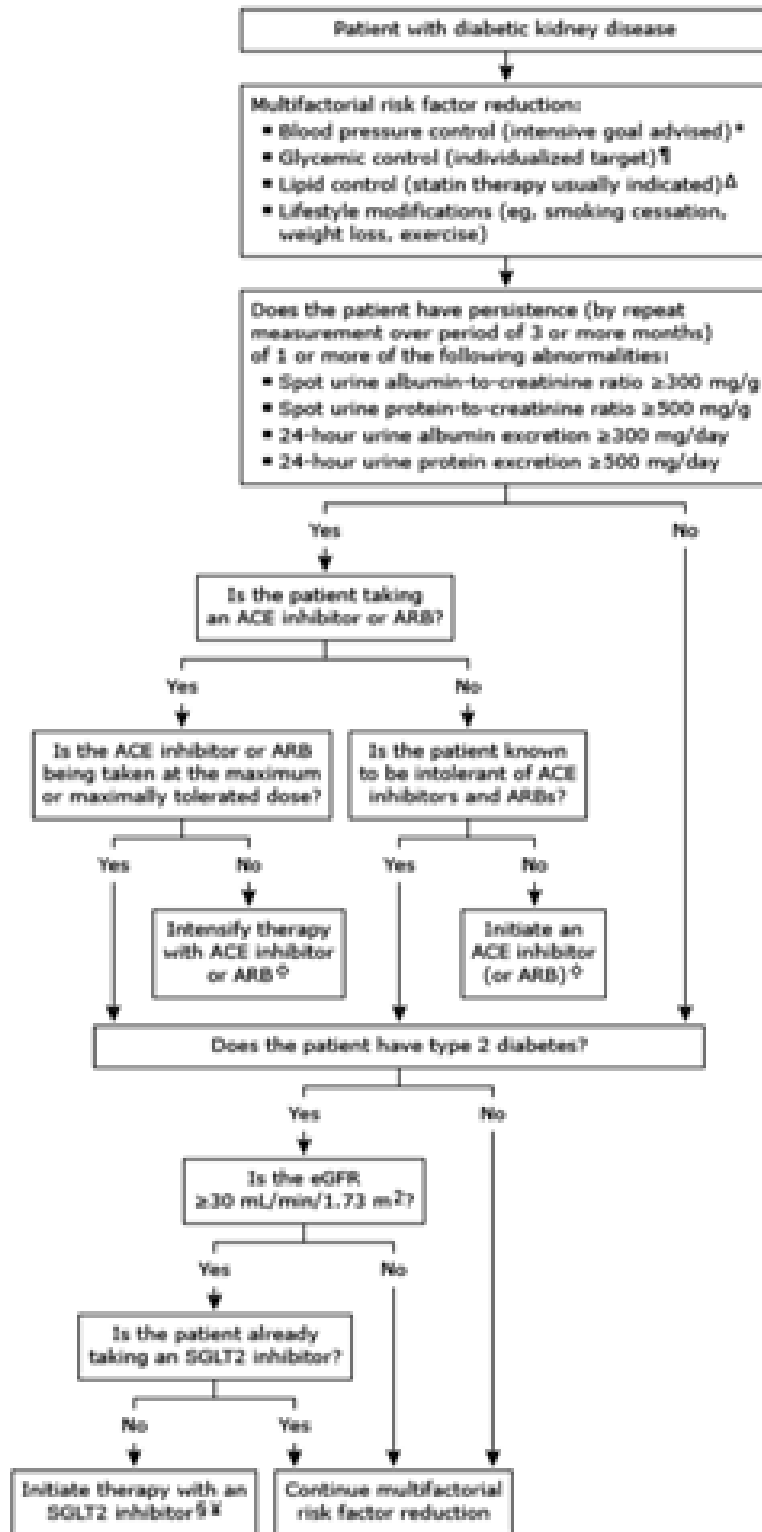
Category	Drug Name	Dosage Regimen	COMMENTS
GLP-1 and GLP-1/GIP Agonists	Trulicity SQ (dulaglutide)	0.75mg once weekly; up to 1.5mg once weekly.	Preferred, step therapy
	Victoza SQ (liraglutide)	0.6mg once daily for one week, then 1.2mg once daily	Preferred, step therapy
	Mounjaro SQ (tirzepatide)	2.5 mg once weekly for 4 weeks, then increase to 5 mg once weekly. May increase dose in 2.5 mg/week increments every 4 weeks. Maximum dose 15 mg once weekly.	Preferred, step therapy
	Ozempic SQ Rybelsus oral (semaglutide)	SQ: 0.25mg weekly for 4 weeks then increase to 0.5mg weekly for at least 4 weeks; maximum dose 1mg once weekly. Oral: 3mg for 30 days, then 7mg daily for 30 days (may increase to 14mg if inadequate control)	Preferred, step therapy
	Adlyxin SQ (lixisenatide)	10mcg once daily times 14 days, then increase to 20mcg once daily.	Non-preferred, PA required
	Byetta/Bydureon (exenatide)		Excluded
DPP-4 Inhibitors	Januvia oral (sitagliptin)	100mg once daily.	Preferred, step therapy
	Alogliptin oral (generic)	25mg once daily	Non-preferred, PA required
	Nesina (alogliptin), Tradjenta (linagliptin), Onglyza (saxagliptin).		Excluded
SGLT-2 Inhibitors	Jardiance oral (empagliflozin)	Diabetes: 10mg once daily; up to 25mg once daily	Preferred, step therapy
	Farxiga oral* (dapagliflozin)	Diabetes: 5mg once daily; up to 10mg once daily Heart failure: 10mg daily	Preferred, Step therapy
	Invokana oral (canagliflozin), Steglatrooral oral (ertugliflozin).		Excluded

*Use not recommended with glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) <25 mL/minute/1.73 m²:

Appendix II - Algorithm for Heart Failure with Reduced Ejection Fraction



Appendix III - Algorithm for Management of Diabetic Kidney Disease



Appendix IV - Monitoring and Patient Safety

Drug	Adverse Reactions	Monitoring	REMS
GLP-1 and GLP-1/GIP agents Trulicity (dulaglutide) Victoza (liraglutide) Ozempic (semaglutide) Adlyxin (lixisenatide) Mounjaro (tirzepatide)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Endocrine/Metabolic: increased amylase (Ozempic: 10-13%), hypoglycemia (Ozempic: 16%) • Cardiovascular: increased heart rate (Victoza: 34%) • Central Nervous System: headache (Victoza: 14%) • Gastrointestinal: increased lipase (Ozempic: 22-34%) nausea/vomiting (6-39%), diarrhea (9-21%), abdominal pain (Ozempic: 6-11%), constipation (Victoza 19%) • Local: injection site reaction (Victoza: 3-14%) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Labs: HbA1c, triglyceride • Renal: renal function • Gastrointestinal: signs and symptoms of pancreatitis or gallbladder disease • Psyche (Victoza): worsening depression, suicidal ideation, change in behavior 	None needed
DPP-4 Inhibitors Januvia (sitagliptin)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respiratory: nasopharyngitis (5%) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Labs: HbA1c, serum glucose • Renal: renal function • Cardiovascular: signs and symptoms of heart failure 	None needed
SGLT-2 Inhibitors Jardiance (empagliflozin) Farxiga (dapagliflozin)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Genitourinary: urinary tract infection (UTI) (6-9%), • Respiratory: nasopharyngitis (6%) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Labs: HbA1c, LDL • Renal: renal function • Volume status (blood pressure, hematocrit, electrolytes) • Infections: genetic mycotic infections, UTI 	None needed